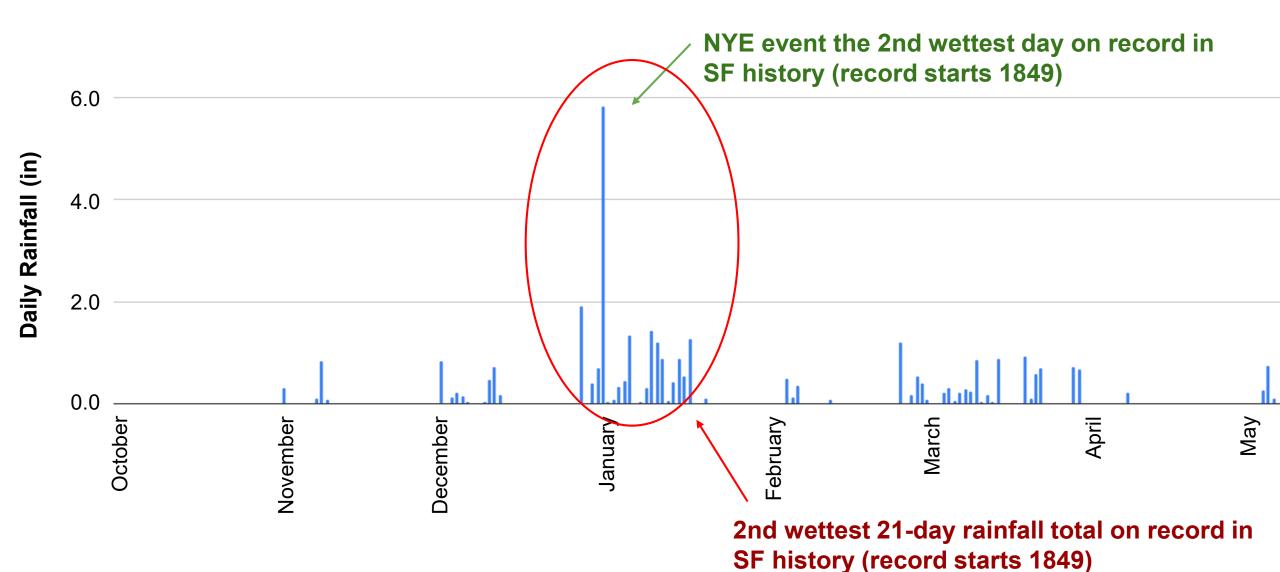
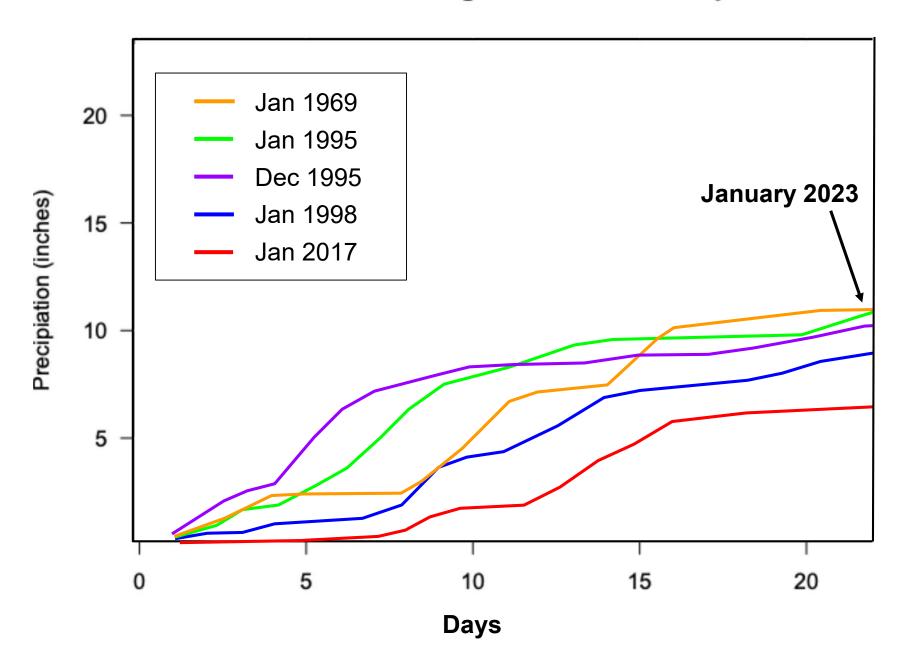




SF Daily Rainfall WY 2023



Statewide Average Cumulative Precipitation



Dr. Daniel Swain

California Mega Storms

Years (AD)

and





Sacramento, Great Flood of 1862; California State Library

Potential Future of Bay Area Rainfall - Slightly wetter average, more of the extremes...



Jul 08, 2019

ATMOSPHERIC RIVERS TO BECOME EVEN MORE DOMINANT SOURCE OF CALIFORNIA WATER RESOURCES AND FLOODING

Research projects that, as other storms decline, atmospheric rivers will strengthen, bringing greater proportion of annual precipitation

San Francisco Precipitation



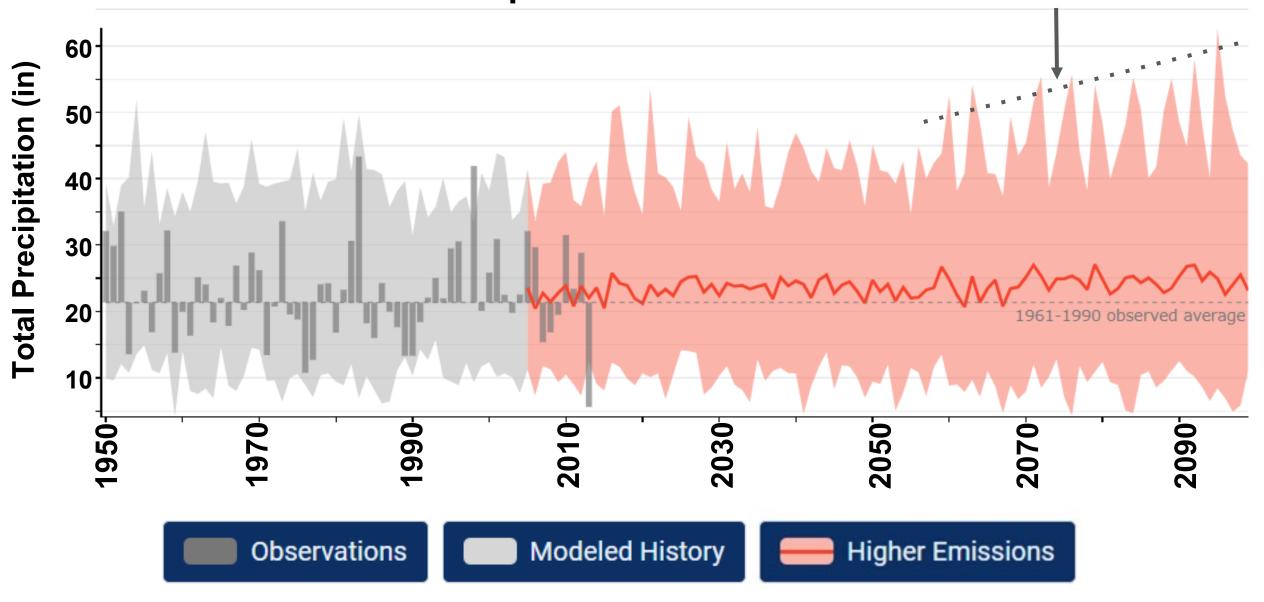








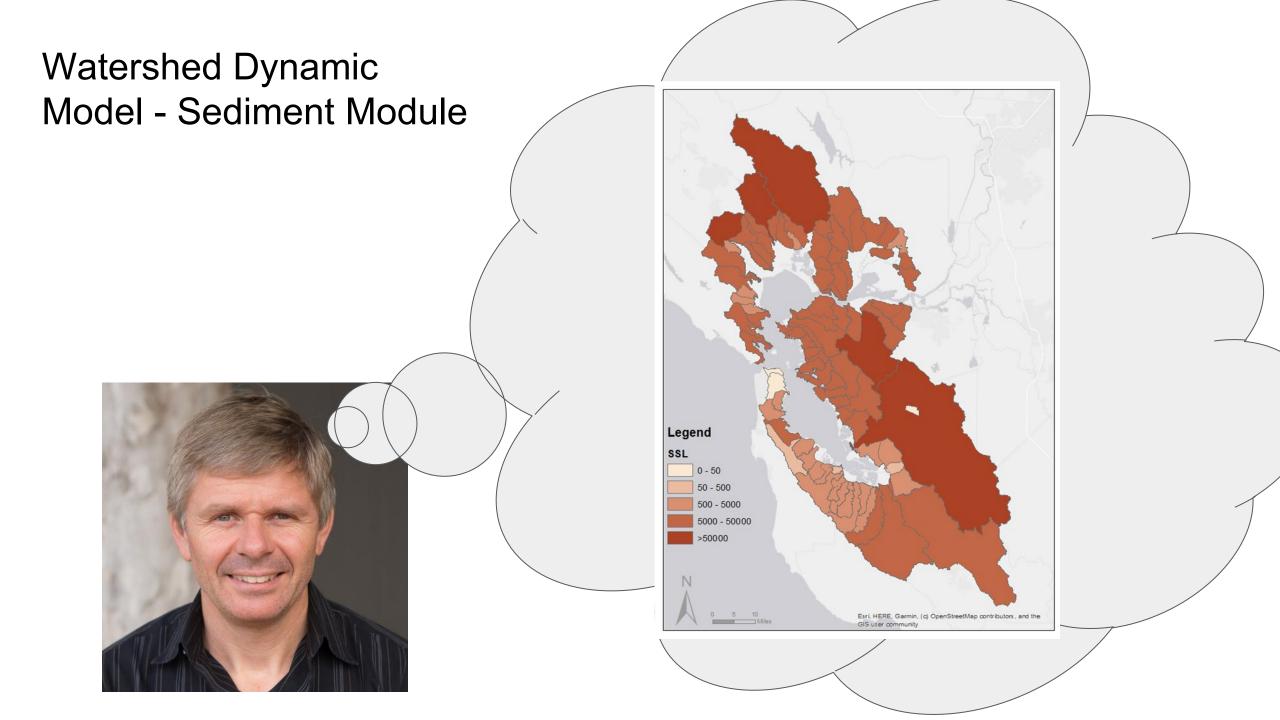


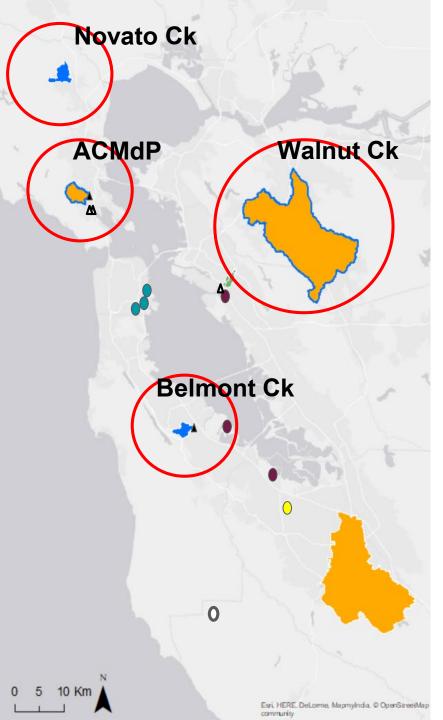


Why study sediment?

Sediment is a lifeblood of San Francisco Bay. It serves three key functions:

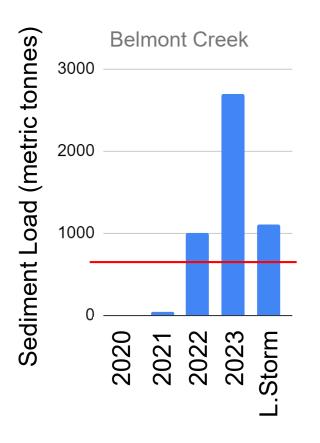
- (1) create and maintain tidal marshes and mudflats,
- (2) transport nutrients and contaminants, and
- (3) reduce impacts from excessive human-derived nutrients in the Bay.
 - McKnight et al., 2023. Conceptual Understanding of Fine Sediment Transport in San Francisco Bay.

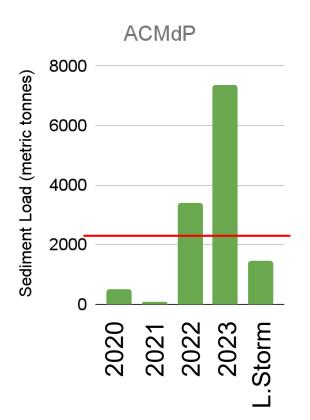


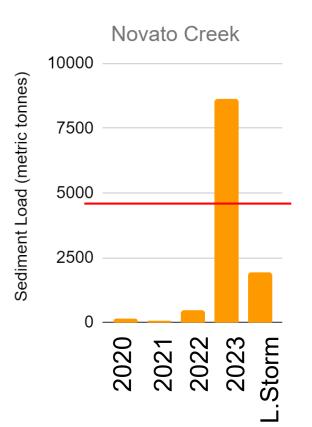


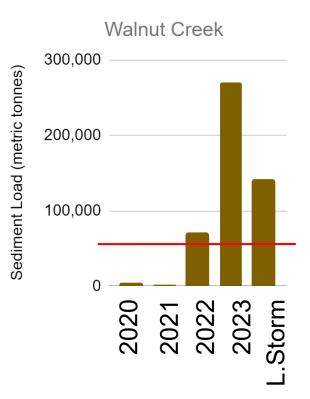
- 4 creeks monitored for sediment loads.
- 4 years. First 2 years were a historic drought, next year was average and last year was historic wet.
- Funded as a Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP) study.
- Study authors:
 - Alicia Gilbreath
 - Kyle Stark
 - Sarah Pearce
 - Lester McKee
 - David Peterson (*key field support)

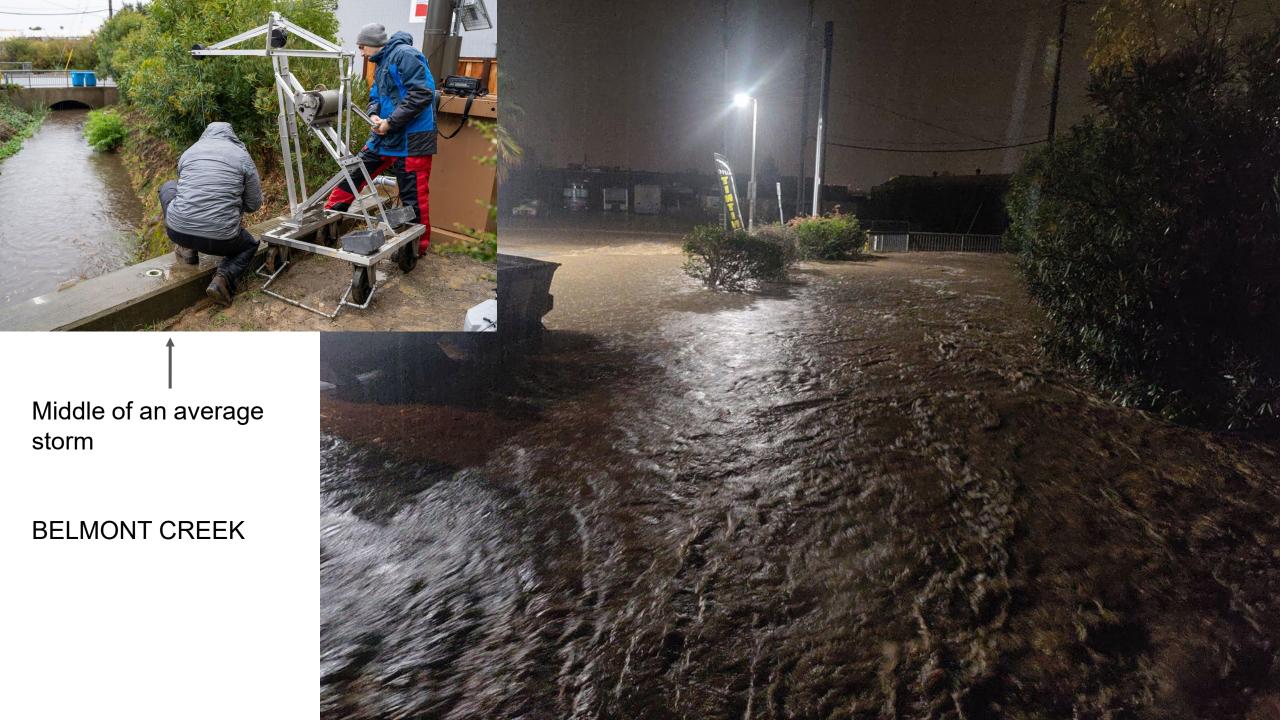
Sediment Loads Study



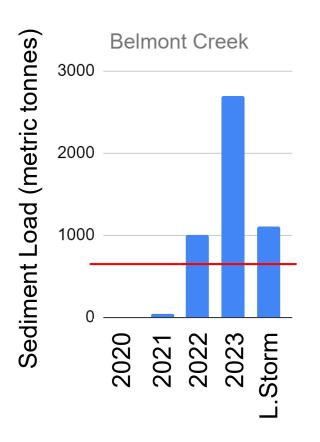


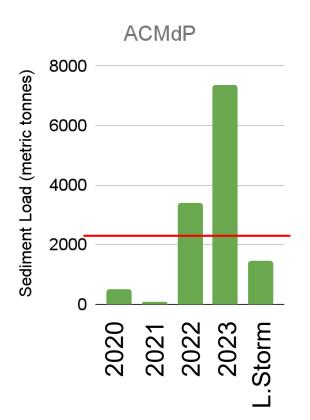


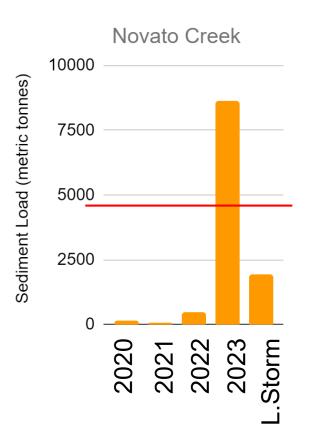


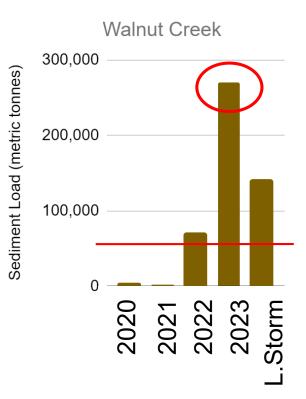


Sediment Loads Study



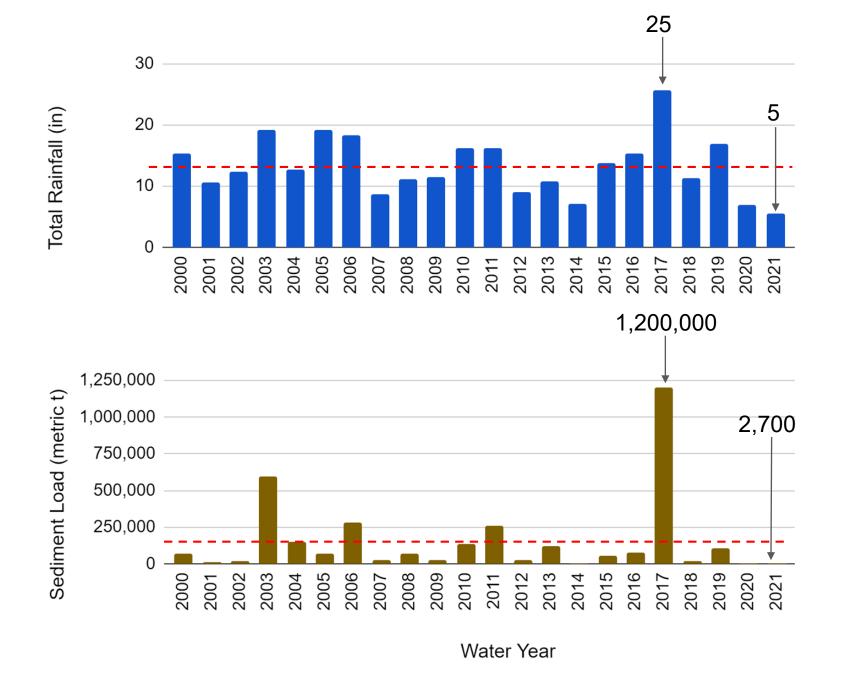




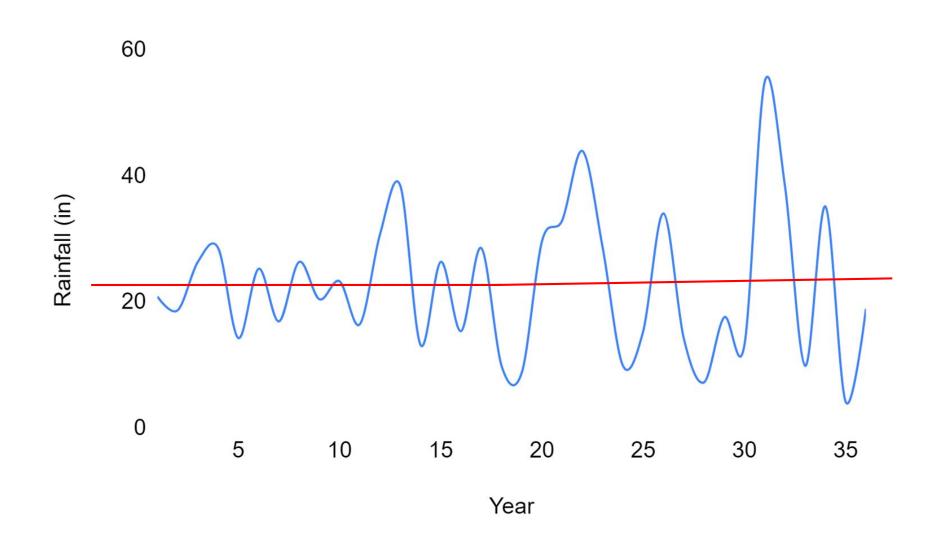


Alameda Creek

- Largest Bay Area tributary (1640 sq km) and 8% of total sediment load to Bay (Schoellhamer et al, 2018)
- Rainfall extremes= 5x difference
- Sediment extremes= 400x difference



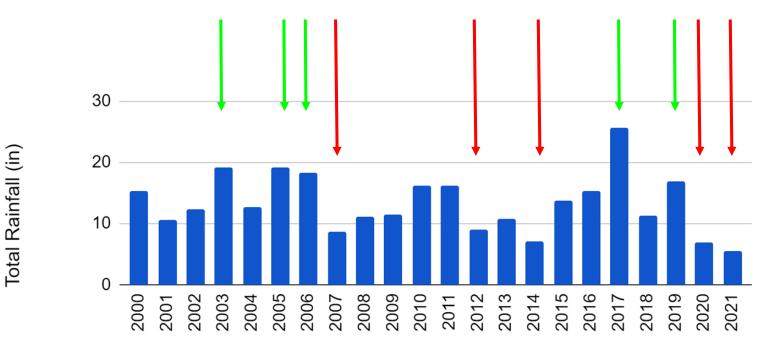
Potential Future of Bay Area Rainfall - Slightly wetter average, more of the extremes...

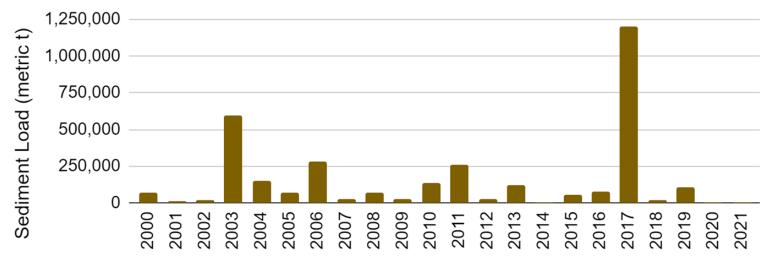


Alameda Creek

Average Sediment
 Load for last 22 years
 = 150,000 metric tons

Average Sediment
 Load for 5 wettest
 years and 5 driest
 years
 = 230,000 metric tons

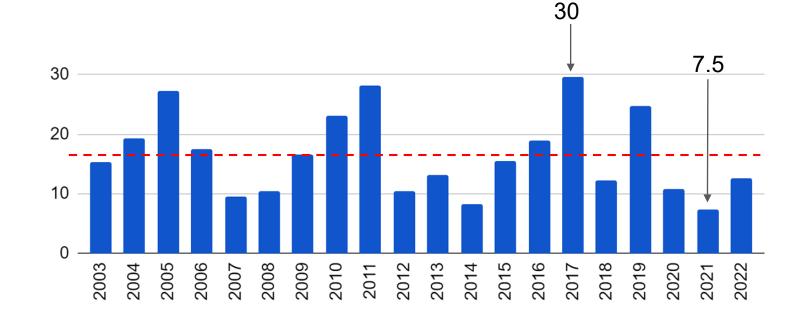


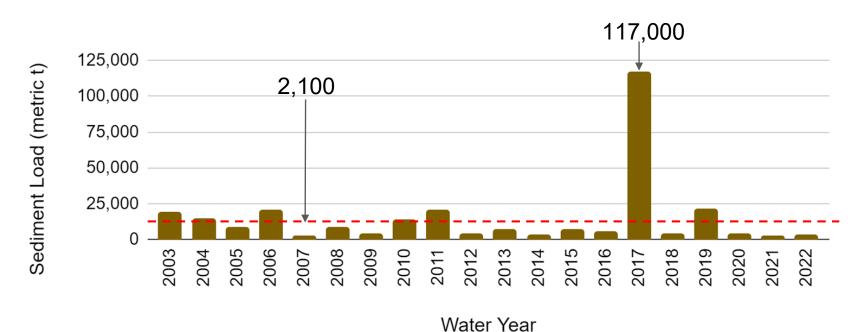


Guadalupe River

 4th largest Bay Area tributary (232 sq km) Rainfall (in)

- Rainfall extremes= 4x difference
- Sediment extremes= 55x difference



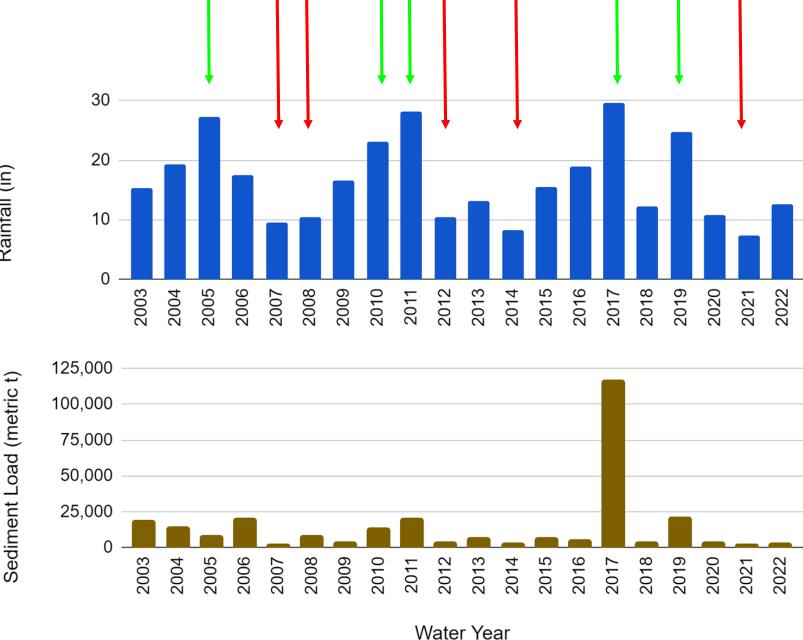


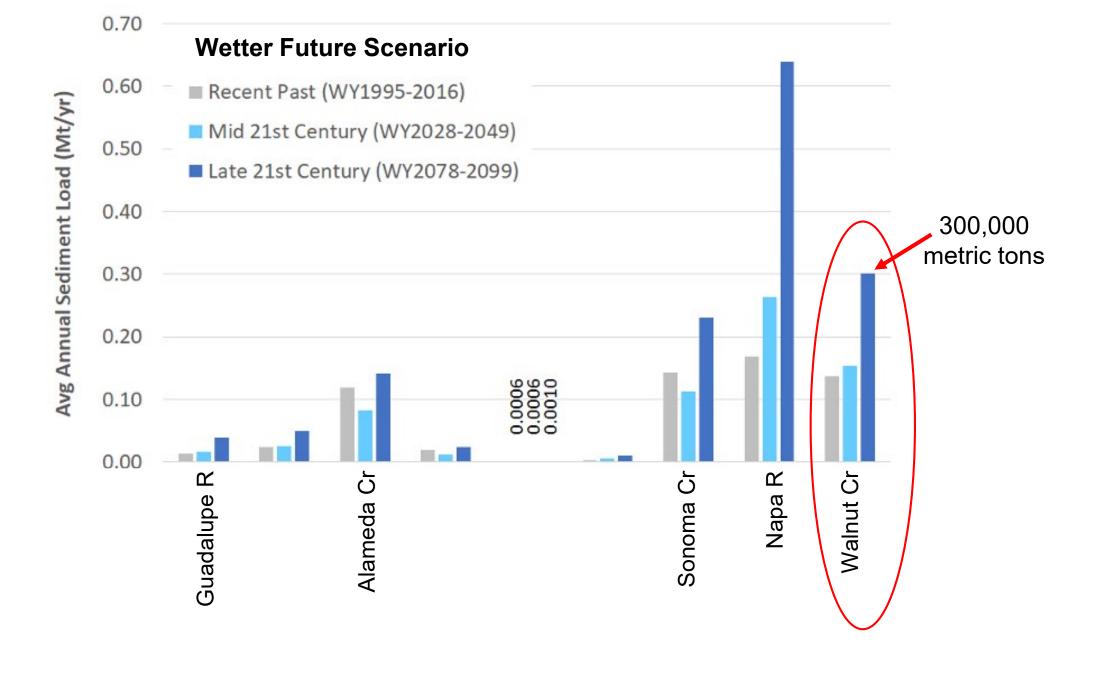
Guadalupe River

Average Sediment Load for last 20 years = 14,000 metric tons

Rainfall (in)

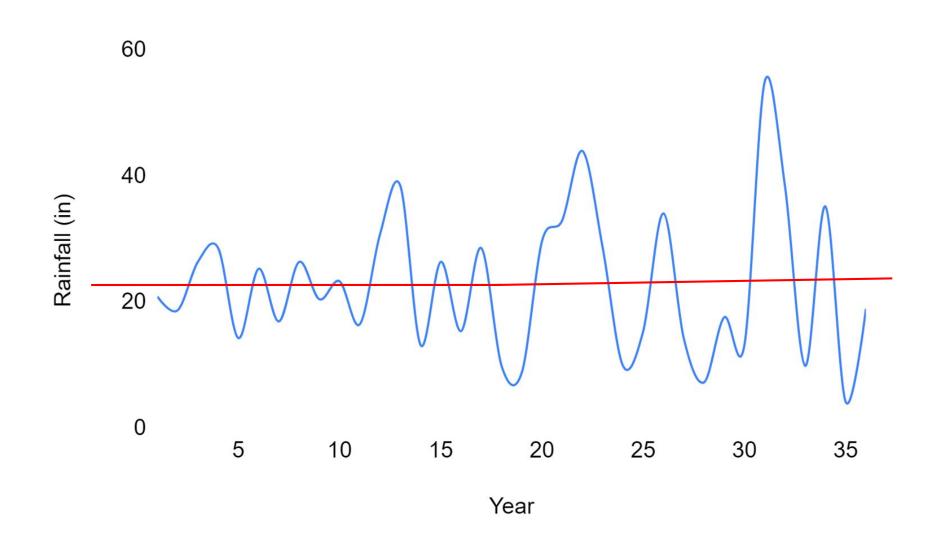
Average Sediment Load for 5 wettest years and 5 driest years = 20,000 metric tons





Dusterhoff et al., 2021. Sediment for Survival

Potential Future of Bay Area Rainfall - Slightly wetter average, more of the extremes...



Recent RMP & SFEI Sediment Studies

Dusterhoff, S.; McKnight, K.; Grenier, L.; Kauffman, N. 2021. Sediment for Survival: A Strategy for the Resilience of Bay Wetlands in the Lower San Francisco Estuary. SFEI Contribution No. 1015. San Francisco Estuary Institute: Richmond, CA.

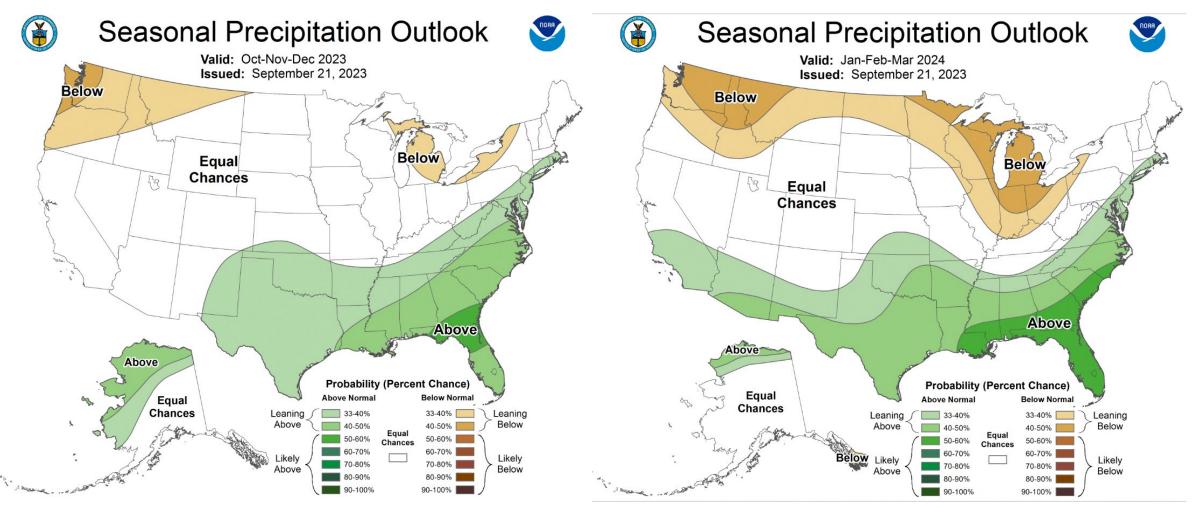
McKnight, K.; Braud, A.; Dusterhoff, S.; Grenier, L.; Shaw, S.; Lowe, J.; Foley, M.; McKee, L. 2023. Conceptual Understanding of Fine Sediment Transport in San Francisco Bay. SFEI Contribution No. 1114. San Francisco Estuary Institute: Richmond, CA.

McKee, L.J., Zi, T., Pearce, S.A., Grosso, C., Wong, A., Weaver, M., Dusterhoff, S., Lowe, J., Elias, E., Roelvink, F., 2023. Sand Budget and Sand Transport in San Francisco Bay. A report prepared by SFEI-ASC for the State Coastal Conservancy (SCC), and the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC). SFEI Contribution #1125. Richmond, CA.

Zi, T.; Braud, A.; McKee, L. J.; Foley, M. 2022. San Francisco Bay Watershed Dynamic Model (WDM) Progress Report, Phase 2. SFEI Contribution No. 1091. San Francisco Estuary Institute: Richmond, California.

Gilbreath, A. N.; Stark, K.; Pearce, S.; Mckee, L. 2023. Suspended Sediment Loads Analysis of Four Creeks in the San Francisco Bay Area. SFEI Contribution No. 1134. San Francisco Estuary Institute: Richmond, CA.

Upcoming season predictions



Oct-Dec 2023

Jan-Mar 2024

Upcoming season predictions

"The bottom line is that I think we should be guardedly optimistic that California will get at least a normal amount of precipitation, but (we) should not be too surprised if for whatever reason that does not work out."

-Washington State climatologist Nick Bond

THANK YOU TEAM!

SFEI Stormwater Sampling Team 2023

Leads

- Martin Trinh
- ***** Ezra Miller
- **★** Kyle Stark
- **▼** David Peterson
- **≠** Don Yee
- **★** Diana Lin

Assists

- Beth Ebiner
- **Alex Braud**
- Joe Burg
- Ellen Plane
- Gwen Miller

Bronwen Stanford

Jen Trudeau

Regan Murray

Amy Kleckner

Melissa Foley





Sequoia Ecological Consultants: Kyle, Dechen and Jared