

# 2008 Brominated Flame Retardant Study

Objective:

Determine if alternative flame retardants are accumulating in SF Estuary sediments and biota

- Sediments (2007)
- Harbor seal blubber (2007-2008)
- Bird eggs (2008)
- Sport fish (2006)
- Bivalves (2008)



# Sport Fish analyzed for BFRs

- 14 samples total
- 6 white croaker (2 South Bay, 2 Oakland, 2 San Pablo Bay)
- 8 shiner surfperch (2 South Bay, 2 Oakland, 2 SF waterfront, 2 Berkeley)

# Target analytes

PBDEs

Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCD)

Tetrabromobisphenol-A (TBBPA)

Decabromodiphenylethane (DBDPE)

1,2-Bis(2,4,6 tribromophenoxy) ethane (BTBPE)

Pentabromoethylbenzene (PBEB)

Hexabromobenzene (HBB)

Dechlorane Plus®

Di(2-ethylhexyl) tetrabromophthalate (TBPH)

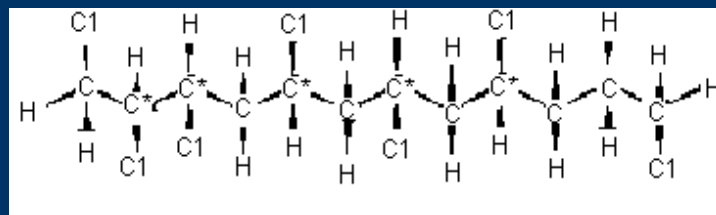
2-ethylhexyl 2,3,4,5-tetrabromobenzoate (TBB)

# BFRs in Sport Fish

Analyte	Range (ng/g wet wt)
PBDEs	25-125
Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCD)	< 1.1
Tetrabromobisphenol-A (TBBPA)	To be measured
Di(2-ethylhexyl) tetrabromophthalate (TBPH)	To be measured
2-ethylhexyl 2,3,4,5-tetrabromobenzoate (TBB)	< 1.2
1,2-Bis(2,4,6 tribromophenoxy) ethane (BTBPE)	< 0.07
Pentabromoethylbenzene (PBEB)	< 0.02
Hexabromobenzene (HBB)	< 0.2
syn-Dechlorane Plus®	< 0.03
anti-Dechlorane Plus®	< 0.05
Decabromodiphenylethane (DBDPE)	To be measured

# Chlorinated Paraffins/Chlorinated n-Alkanes

- C<sub>10</sub> to C<sub>30</sub> technical mixtures
- 30 to 70% Cl- by mass
- Primary uses: high temperature lubricants in metal working machinery, flame retardants in plastics
- Minor uses: additives in sealants, adhesives, paints, rubber
- Largest group of high molecular weight Cl hydrocarbons in commercial use
- Used since 1930s, declined after 1980s
- Bioaccumulative (log  $K_{ow}$  5.9-8.1)
- Ubiquitous
- Persistent, toxic, long-range transport
- Environmental fate, transport unknown





# Chlorinated Paraffins/Chlorinated n-Alkanes

Commercial formulations:

short ( $C_{10}$ - $C_{13}$ ), medium ( $C_{14}$ - $C_{17}$ ), long ( $C_{20}$ - $C_{30}$ )

## Short-chain chlorinated paraffins

- Most extensive use
- Highest potential for env. release because of open use
- Highest toxicity

## Listings

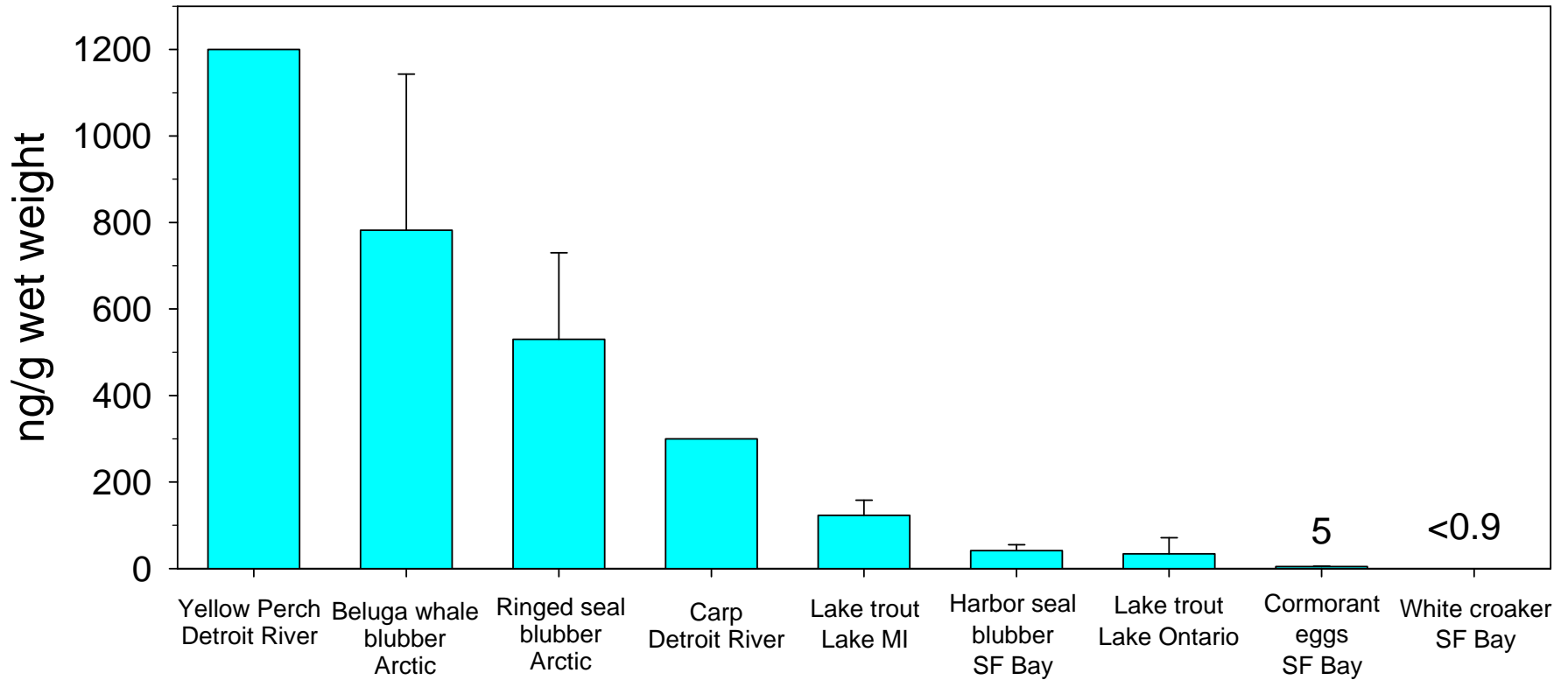
- EPA Toxic Release Inventory
- Priority toxic substances (Canadian Env. Protection Act)
- Priority hazardous substance (EU)
- HPV chemicals in late 1990s

Concern for SF Bay?

# Short-chain chlorinated paraffins

- Gregg Tomy (Canadian Dept of Fisheries and Oceans)
- White croaker from Oakland (1), South Bay (2) in 2006
- Cormorant eggs from 3 sites (1 comp/site) in 2006
- Harbor seal blubber (3 sites) in 2007

# Chlorinated Paraffins in SF Bay Wildlife Compared to Other Locations



SF Bay samples: Surrogate standard quantifiable in fish only (148, 65 and 119%)